

Acknowledgement

emystifying myths and misconceptions was far easier than illustrating it but we must acknowledge that it is internally challenging but rewarding. While creating this comic book we realize that in dealing with HIV, a lot of misconceptions and myths have been perpetuated and we need to be able to tell reality from myth and the intention was to be able to communicate in a simple yet interesting way so as to cub the stigma and discrimination that leads to fear, avoidance, denial and damage to one's health.

We realized that the Lesbian, Bisexual and Queer women have long been overlooked in HIV prevention measures on the assumption that their sexual activities pose lower risks to HIV infection. However, putting in to consideration the risky sexual behaviors that they may engage in during sex and sexual activities HIV prevention and infection should be a matter the community needs to have conversations about. Correct information is key to understanding and preventing HIV. This publication by Women Working with Women (3W) is therefore developed on the need to demystify myths and misconceptions around HIV/AIDS and other STI infections among LBQ women and the need to have sufficient information and create awareness on HIV in relation to LBQ women.

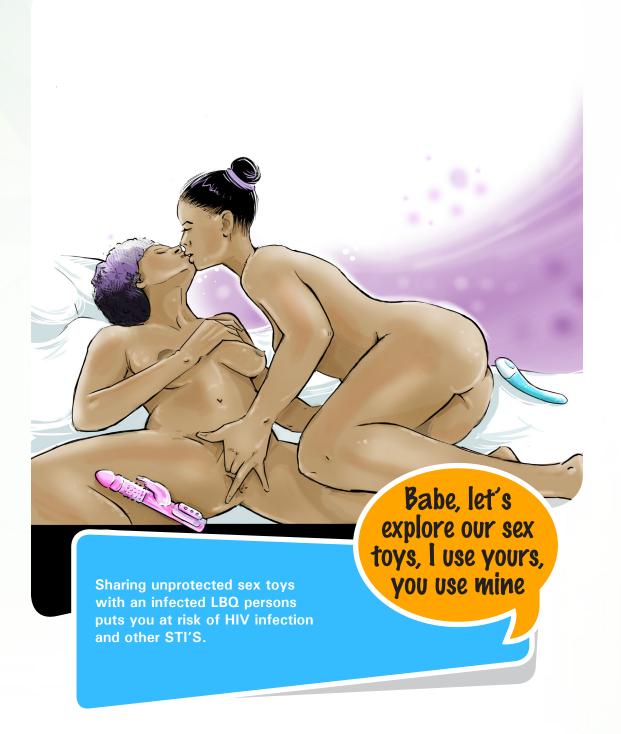
This work could not have been possible without the financial support and assistance from COC Nederland's. We would like to express our deep appreciation for their continued support to ensure we contribute to the global action towards zero stigma and discrimination to persons living with HIV/AIDS

Special appreciation to staff members of 3W and the creative team who dedicated their time in coming up with the content during brainstorming on ideas for the booklet. A big thank you to Ozone for coming up with the beautiful illustrations and cover design that communicates the message of this publication. We would like to give a special shout out and appreciation to the Lesbian Bisexual, Queer women in Kisumu County for their continuous support and belief in 3W's interventions towards a society embracing justice, freedom and equity.

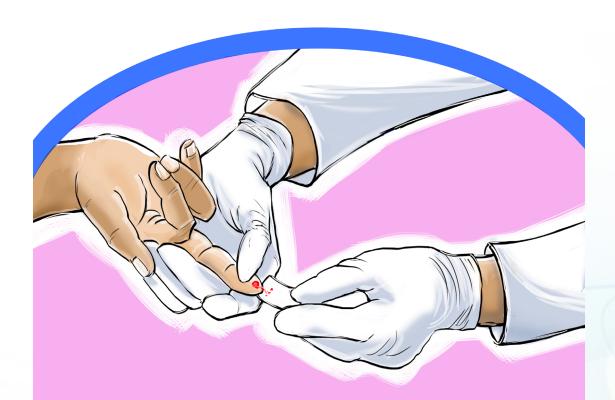












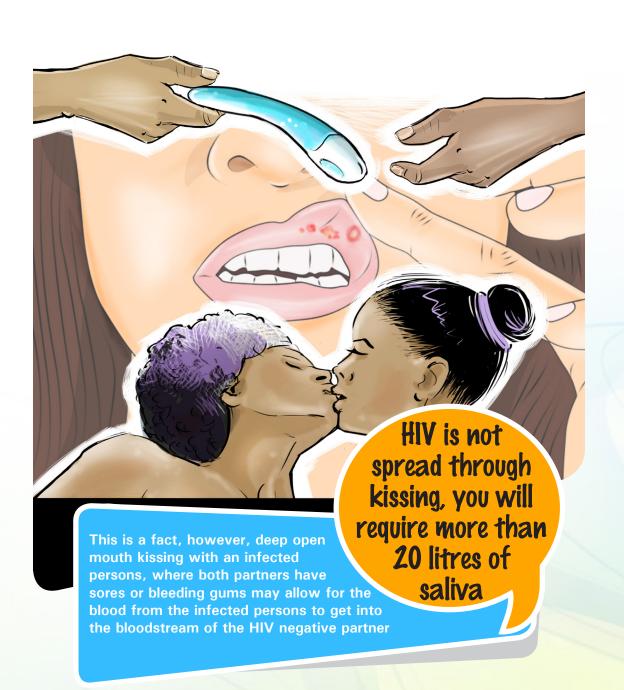
LBQ persons are assumed to be at low risk of contracting HIV, do not assume your status, go for frequent HIV test and encourage your partner to go with you.

I only have sex with women, why should I test for HIV





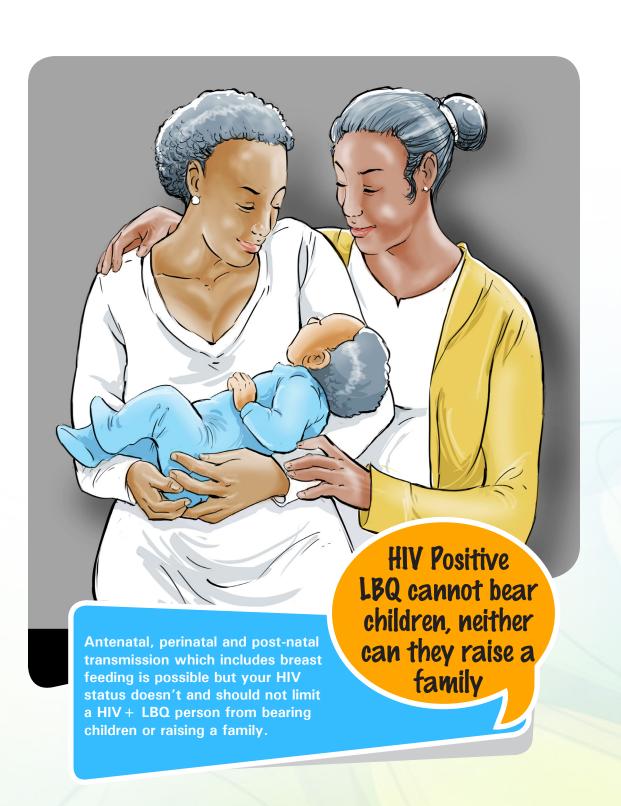




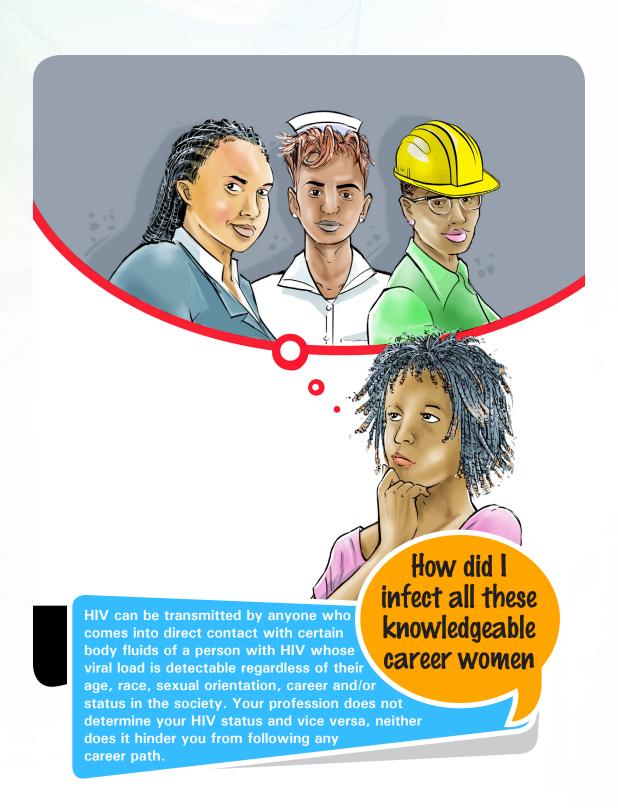
















Do not assume the HIV status of your partner by how they look, endeavour to test and know their HIV status before involving in any sexual contact.

She cannot be on ARV'S can't they see how healthy she looks.





Alice told me she uses lemon to cleanse her vagina before and after sexual intercourse, that way she has been safe from STI's and HIV

Nothing should go in the vagina. Period!





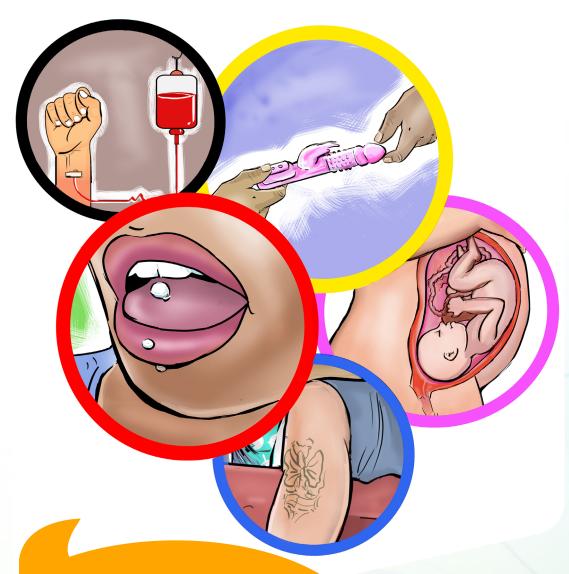




LBQ persons have different sexual practices apart from fingering like scissoring/tribadism during sex which needs to be viewed with the same caution as other modes of HIV transmition.

But why are people being all dramatic about safe sex! Like fingers can cause HIV!





Other modes of HIV transmission



Less common ways are:

- From mother to child during pregnancy, birth, or breastfeeding when on ARTs.
- Getting stuck with an HIV-contaminated needle or other sharp object. This is a risk mainly for health care workers. The risk is very low but not for injecting drug users (IDU'S)

HIV is spread only in extremely rare cases by:

- Having oral sex. But in general, the chance that an HIVnegative person will get HIV from oral sex with an HIVpositive partner is extremely low.
- Receiving blood transfusions, blood products, or organ/ tissue transplants that are contaminated with HIV
- Contact between broken skin, wounds, or mucous membranes and HIV-infected blood or blood-contaminated body fluids.
- Eating food that has been pre-chewed by a person with HIV. The contamination occurs when infected blood from a caregiver's mouth mixes with food while chewing. The only known cases are among infants.

Sources

https://www.hhs.gov/opa/reproductive-health/fact-sheets/sexually-transmitted-diseases/hiv/index.html

https://3wkenya.org > event > improved-srhr-and-fewer-hiv-infections-for-lb...









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